

THE LEGISLATURE

That Smoking Bill.

While at home last week Mr. McClintic informed his friends that he did not introduce the bill to prohibit smoking, swearing and loud talking in public places but that the same was introduced by the Rev. McClure, a Republican delegate from the northern part of the state who is somewhat indignant that his bill should be reported as the work of another man.

There is another reason that the bill should have been attributed to the delegate from this county among his acquaintances; for it is well known that he does not use tobacco in any form and like James I. considers its use as a "custom loathsome to the eye, hateful to the nose, harmful to the brain, dangerous to the lungs and in the black stinking fume thereof, nearest resembling the horrible Stygian smoke of the pit that is bottomless."

We have tried lawsuits in the justice court where court and crowd had filled the room with tobacco smoke until a non-smoker was like a fish out of water, and all that was needed for a smoke was a goose quill.

Mr. McClintic said that he would vote for the bill if it ever came up.

Banking Law.

Senator Thos. E. Davis, the president of the First National Bank of Grafton, is the author of a bill directed against wild-cat banking. The bill provides for a closer and more careful supervision of banks by the state through a commissioner of banking. Forty per cent of capital subscribed must be paid in before a bank can be started and the balance within a year. Banks already in existence are given a year to comply with this requirement. There must be a certain reserve on hand always as in the National bank system. Banks are required to render call statements for publication at any time. Loans to individuals or firms are not to be over 20 per cent of paid up capital.

Senator Elkins.

The legislature performed the perfunctory duty of electing Senator Elkins to the United States Senate, the minority voting for Col. John T. McGraw. While we are to send Republicans to Congress we are of the opinion that Elkins is the pick of them all and is a man worthy of the honor.

Justices.

There is a bill pending before the legislature to amend the law relating to justices, giving each justice jurisdiction to set and try a case anywhere in the county, instead of confining them to their districts as is now the case. While this law would in many instances be of benefit in other cases it would not work so well. Especially would this work a hardship when those justices who are "owned" by some eminent lawyer were given the entire county to work in. After a lawyer attains a certain degree of greatness it is considered the thing for him to "own" a justice. By this we mean to be able to over-influence him—to have the justice look up to him as the source of all law and to regard with reverence every legal proposition he lays down. Then the justice's usefulness is ended and he is so infatuated with his lawyer that he cannot decide a case against him. Every proposition however sound when advanced against his demigod seems foolish or tame. Now, if the pot justice is to be hawked all over the county by his mesmerizer we will be worse off than under our present cumbersome system.

On Tuesday evening Jan. 22nd, Queen Victoria passed quietly away, leaving a whole world in tears. There has not been a death in the history of the human race more sincerely and widely lamented than hers, and whose results may have been more sensibly felt in shaping the trend of human history in any of the past centuries unless it was that of Julius Caesar. The most thoughtful people of the day seem to "dumb with silence" feeling that in a peculiar sense God appears to be asserting himself in this grand and awful time in which we are living and dwelling. In his day Caesar was the foremost man of all the world, and in her day the Empress Victoria was the foremost woman. It seems to the writer that the best that any one can now do is to hope for the best yet endeavor to be prepared to see and hear of some of the most wonderful things that have ever yet happened in the history of human affairs.

ODDS AND ENDS.

A Proposed Game Law.

A lawyer from this section was in Charleston attending to some cases before the Supreme Court and was approached by a member of the legislature from his home county who asked him if he could suggest any law to prevent the chasing of deer with hounds which would be effective. The lawyer suggested that he introduce a bill making it misdemeanor to take, carry into or have in possession in any woods frequented by deer, any "mongrel, whelp or hound, or cur of low degree." This bill was duly introduced.

It has its weak as well as its strong points, for it is following that old case of convicting a man of house breaking because a burglar's tools were found on his person. Woods frequented by deer are also frequented by "varmints" and a law preventing the hunting of bears with dogs would not be favorably viewed or even regarded by sheep raisers.

One gentleman who noticed the measure and disapproved of it came to the lawyer who had conceived the idea and said: "Some (objectionable person) has put into your head an idea about deer chasing which is not the thing we want. It would prevent a man taking his shepherd in the woods to gather up his sheep. You see him and try to get the notion out of his head."

The lawyer refused for obvious reasons and the bill is still pending.

Terrible Teddy.

Daveport, the cartoonist, is giving a good series of cartoons illustrating some of the terrible combats Theodore Roosevelt is having with the wild beasts of the Rocky Mountains. There Terrible Teddy who is soon to be known as the Grizzly Slayer is causing a holocaust among the wild beasts of those regions, killing grizzlies single handed and unarmed because it is more strenuous than to use weapons.

A man on a street corner in Marlinton stated the other day that he had had a letter from a cousin in Colorado who stated that the state had been compelled to take bounty off the scalps of mountain lions, grizzlies and wolves since Teddy arrived to keep the state from being bankrupted. Also that Roosevelt was causing much complaint along the valley of the Hiwela where the mountain lions have been reduced to captivity and trained as draft animals. When not at work the animals are un-yoked and turned out to hunt for their meals. Terrible Teddy recently passed over the valley and killed nearly all of these wolf oxen. There is talk about having him prosecuted.

A Bright Remark.

Several years ago this writer was trailing over a mountain path with a number of companions and an elderly colored youth who, after lagging behind several times and keeping up only by the greatest exertions, finally went on ahead with the apologetic remark: "Pears like I don't have no trouble keepin' up as long as I see ahaid."

The Chinese Minister Wu made this same bright saying the other day in an interview. He said: "The only way to keep up with you Americans is to get ahead of you."

England's King.

The King of the English government has ceased to be aught but a figure head. It is in strange contrast to the old times. Then a king had practically the power of life and death over his subjects, and England depended upon the king for a good or a bad government. Now it is wholly changed. The people place ministers in power and if the king agrees with them it is well and good, but if not the ministers act as they see fit.

England was called a Republic under Cromwell but it is far more a Republic today than it ever was. That it is well to have a woman of domestic tastes at the head of a Kingdom may be proved by the fact that England has been ruled by such a sovereign since the memory of man runneth not to the contrary, and is perhaps the best governed country in the world today.

The Mysteries of the Alphabet.

A little Marlinton girl not quite three years old was learning her letters, acquiring a speaking acquaintance with a new letter every day. When finally she got to U her mother told her, "That is U." Nothing more was said about until the next day her mamma pointed to U and asked what letter it was. The reply came quick as a flash, "Dat is Me, mamma."

TEACHERS OF POCAHONTAS COUNTY.

In Two Parts—Part One.

One of the subjects pertaining to the history of our people that gives me sincere regret is the limited information to be had concerning the Teachers of our pioneer days. No class of our citizenship have a more potent influence in modeling the character of our citizenship than the teachers of elementary schools. There can be no more reliable clue as to the future character of a generation when matured into manhood and womanhood than the character of the parents or teachers that had control in the formative personal life. Like teacher, like pupils, is the rule. The few exceptions but confirm the rule as an actual fact.

For some years I have tried to glean from tradition whatever was available in the way of illustrating the history of Pocahontas schools down to the period when the public school system was established by constitutional enactment and became a part of the organic law of the State.

So far as my information goes the first teacher in what is now the limits of Pocahontas was one James Baker. About the year 1784 he was teaching in the family of Lawrence Drinnon, whose residence was near the west bank of Greenbrier River, about opposite the residence of the late George Gibson, two miles north of Marlinton. The late Mrs. Sally McColman was one of his pupils. His services as teacher were suddenly terminated by his death one morning about day break as he and the late Richard Hill were going to the river to wash for breakfast. Just as the teacher was in the act of crossing the fence he was shot, and he sank to his knees, clinging to the top rail. He gave his friend a pitiful dying glance which haunted Mr. Hill's imagination ever after.

Reading, writing, and the rudiments of arithmetic was the usual course of school studies.

The second teacher was Miss Mary Warwick, daughter of the Deer Creek pioneer, and sister of William and Andrew Warwick. She taught the first schools in a round pole tenement that stood at the wayside in the corner of Gay's meadow, near the present ford of Stoney Creek. This was early in the past century.

The third teacher was Mrs. Margaret Moore, wife of the late Isaac Moore, Sr., on Knapps Creek. Early in the twenties she began a home school in her residence near A. Washington Moore's present dwelling and taught four or five years in succession. Besides her own children she had Sallie and Jennie McCarty, daughters of the pioneer Timothy McCarty. Mrs. Moore was Margaret Wilson, near Fort Defiance, Augusta County, Va. She told her children that she was but a little girl two years old when she first started to school. Mrs. Moore seems to have been an enthusiast on the subject of education and made the best of her opportunities.

Soon after she ceased teaching John Ward, a native of Ireland, opened school at Frost near the graveyard, not far from where the Gibson brothers now live. He was patronized by the Moores, the McCartys, and the Sharps. Teacher Ward was a rigid, tyrannical disciplinarian.

Late in the thirties Andrew Waugh taught at Mt. Vernon, near the present ford of the creek.

About 1819 Joseph Moore taught his first school on Lower Knapps Creek. The school house was about where the line runs between the Preston Harper and Golet farms, near the present roadside. He taught in the winter for seven or eight years. The scholars came from Washington Moore's up the creek, from Lancelot Lockridge's down the creek, and from the nearer Hills, a distance about ten miles long and five miles wide was represented in that school.

Joseph Moore was succeeded by Jacob Hardaway, of Bath County. During his term of service, late in the twenties, the attendance became so large as to require the enlargement of the school building and the erection of another chimney. One fire place was assigned the large scholars and the other to the smaller ones.

In the course of time it was deemed best to divide the district and a new school house was built on the upper end of the Harper place, near the place where the road turns over Spruce Hill. The old Daugherty house was selected for the lower school.

Early in the thirties James Logan, a student of Washington College opened school in the Spruce Hill house, near Newton Moore's. So far as known he is the first college bred teacher in our county. He was rigidly strict in his methods of school management. Mr. Logan was one of the first teachers to introduce the silent method of school studies. Previously the schools were managed on the vocal plan. One Charles Moore was the champion speller as he could be heard between one and two miles, hearing the spelling lesson. He may be remembered by some of the older people about Stoney Creek. This vocal method died hard, and did not finally go out of general existence until 1850 when it breathed its last at the Indian Draft school house.

One of the prominent lady teachers in Knapps Creek schools was Miss Margaret Jane Gum, now Mrs. Samuel Harper. In 1838 she taught at Alexander Rider's, now Rime's, afterwards several terms at the Daugherty house, near Sunset, and afterwards at Ruckman's. Her services at Daugherty closed about 1846, and she went to Pickett, Ohio and completed her education. On her return from Pickett she stopped with relatives at Tacey's Valley, eighteen miles below Charleston, and was persuaded to open school. Being an attractive and popular young lady teacher a nice sensible young man took a fancy to her and pressed his attentions so far as to make it her duty to decide whether it would be well for her to marry and settle there, or go back to Pickett, or return to the mountains. On the evening before the day when the decisive answer was to be given, in the quietude of a Saturday evening twilight the young teacher was in the deepest thoughts of her life and in her perplexity it seemed to be borne into her mind with all the vividness of an audible voice, "You will not marry here, you must go back to the mountains." She came back to the mountains and in the course of time, 1854, she opened school at the Spruce Hill, and not very long afterwards became Mrs. Samuel Harper.

The people of the Hills finding it too inconvenient to send their children to Knapps Creek started a school near Mt. Zion church which was patronized by Thorny Creek and Mt. Tabor patrons, Jacob Waugh, James C. Moore, John McNeill, James Wanless, Geo. P. Wanless, Cyrus Ross, Stephen Sproull, Miss Jane McNeill, afterwards Mrs. William Kennison, Mrs. Margaret Waugh, afterwards Mrs. Samuel Martin, of Iowa, Joseph Moore, Lindsey Sharp and Robert Waugh.

CIVILIZATION.

A Maryland man by the name of George N. Beall spent some weeks fishing on Greenbrier River at the home of VanBuren Arbogast in this county last summer and writes very entertainingly of his outing in the Forest and Stream, the leading sportsmen's journal of this country. We take exception to his articles in one small matter and that is his saying that when he got back to Romney he reached civilization again, intimating that he had been in an uncivilized country.

Now we take it that the writer of the account is a man of some sense and that he uses the term "civilized" in a disparaging sense, and glories in having been in a country free from the hurry and worry of the city and the vices of civilization. That he sighs for the woods and streams, the game and fish of Pocahontas when he feels tired and overwrought by the strenuousness of city life. Then to quote Opie Read we think he would away to some sylvan retreat and lie down like a tired child near an illicit distillery.

But be that as it may it makes us Pocahontas people hot to hear the intimation that we are not civilized. Not long since a man had the impudence to come to us to bid us goodbye and say that he was off on the next train for civilization, and what we did for him we hope was a plenty.

It has frequently happened that we have heard strangers make this observation and when we fixed them with our eye, falter and grow pale as they remember they have alluded to our misfortune. We are a little touchy sometimes. One young man fought a stranger because he asked him how his father was. "He ain't able to be out," the boy answered and announced his intention of fighting. The old man was in the penitentiary.

We believe that we can lay claim to being civilized. We all wear clothes dressing neatly if not plainly and wear shoes in the winter. We eat cooked food and a number of our people can read or write or both. No later than last week we saw a man who had attended school in his youth and the sight of a man reading a newspaper has grown so common that it causes no comment. Without boasting we can say that nearly our entire adult population can tell the time of day by the clock. With us modish young ladies put their hair in curl papers at an ear-

ly age and our dressey young men wear socks. We point with pride to at least one set of artificial teeth in the county. These are some of many things which might be mentioned to prove our case and give us the right to claim to be civilized. We are never so savage as when our right to the name is questioned.

Laying all jokes aside, we can say in all earnestness that we have never known a Pocahontas man who was not proud of his county, and regarded with satisfaction the innate refinement and sterling worth of her representative people. We have never known a true man or woman to visit the county who was not proud to number some Pocahontas people on his list of friends.

We hope that as we become more and more civilized the high standard of our people may be maintained.

We think that Mr. Beall, who by the way bears a good old Pocahontas name, should answer the question, whether he would prefer to be a little frog in a big puddle, or a big frog in a little puddle?

A MONOLOGUE.

By J. W. LOURY.

The Republican party says that the majority must rule but I am sorry to say that I believe that there are more sinners in the United States than there religious people—is that right? The way the free schools are run in Pocahontas County, and what the lumber camps have done morally and socially and now the railroad, it looks very much like the devil has been turned loose. But Providence has done all in its power to bring the Democrats to repentance and now he has turned the Republicans loose on them, but those the Lord loveth he chasteneth—the nearer we get to God the more we feel our sinfulness. The Republicans say we will have better times and more money—all the cry with them is more money. Does not the good book say that the love of money is the root of all evil and that a man cannot serve two masters. The Democratic party looked small this fall but they are made of precious material—they are like a gold dollar, the more you rub them the brighter they get.

FOR SALE.

150 Acres of Timber Land on the east branch of Greenbrier River. It is part of the Oscar Slaven farm. Address, A. E. PAYNE, Chino, San Bernardino County, California.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by a deed of trust executed to me by James H. Madigan, on September 28, 1900, to secure George A. Ferguson for the payment of a note for \$2000.00, due and payable thirty days after date at the Bank of Marlinton and default having been made in the payment of the note and being requested to do so by the beneficiary George A. Ferguson I will on the first day of February, 1901, sell at public auction for cash at Gillespie, Pocahontas county, W. Va. the following described property:

One bay horse, 8 yrs old, one bay horse 7 yrs old, one dark brown horse one dark bay horse, one grey mare 8 yrs old, one gray mare 11 yrs old, one brown horse 9 yrs old, one bright bay horse 7 yrs old, two brown mules 7 yrs old, one black mule 5 yrs old, one roan colored mule 5 yrs old, one black mule 4 years old, one brown mare mule 6 yrs old, one blue mule 8 yrs old, one bright bay mule 5 yrs old Two wagons, six carts, twelve drag scrapers, six plows, sixteen wheel scrapers, four tents, two cook stoves and outfit, two blacksmith outfits, steel drills, hammers, shovels, blankets, commissary supplies, feed, powder, and all other personal property comprising the outfit for railroad construction work belonging to James H. Madigan in Pocahontas County.

F. W. EDMUNDSTON, Trustee, Scott, Cobb & Maxwell, Attorneys.

Prof. Rosa Tyler of Chicago, Vice-President Illinois Woman's Alliance, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered from a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but seemed to grow worse and the medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering and I will never be without this splendid medicine again."

H. R. ECHOLS, Marlinton, Barlow and Moore, Edgars, Amos Barlow, Huntersville, D. T. McNeil, Buckeye.

Indigestion dyspepsia biliousness

and the hundred and one similar ills caused by impure blood or inactive liver, quickly yield to the purifying and cleansing properties contained in

Johnston's Sarsaparilla

QUART BOTTLE.

It cures permanently by acting naturally on all organs of the body. As a blood-cleanser, flesh builder, and lymph restorer, it has no equal. Put us in Quart Bottles, and sold at \$1 each. "THE MICHIGAN DRUG COMPANY," Detroit, Mich. Sold Everywhere for Five Cents.

LAW CARDS.

N. C. McNEIL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MARLINTON, W. VA.

Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals of the State of West Virginia.

L. M. McCLINTIC,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MARLINTON, W. VA.

Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LEWISBURG, W. VA.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. A. BRATTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MARLINTON, W. VA.

Prompt and careful attention given to all legal business.

PRICE & KUNST,

Attorneys,
Marlinton, W. Va.

Practice in Pocahontas and adjoining Counties. Prompt and careful attention given to all legal work.

H. S. RUCKER,

S. B. SCOTT, JR.
RUCKER & SCOTT,
Attorneys-at-Law.

Offices at Huntersville, W. Va., and in Pocahontas Bank building at Marlinton.

Will practice in Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in Supreme Court of Appeals of W. Va. All legal business entrusted to our care will receive prompt and careful attention.

H. M. LOCKRIDGE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Prompt and careful attention given all legal work.

JOHN A. PRESTON FRED. WALLACE
PRESTON & WALLACE,
Attorneys at Law,
LEWISBURG, W. VA.

Will practice in the Courts of Greenbrier and adjoining counties, and in the Court of Appeals of the State of West Virginia.

J. W. YEAGER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MARLINTON, W. VA.

Prompt attention given to collections

T. S. McNEEL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MARLINTON, W. VA.

Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties.

PHYSICIANS' CARDS.

DR. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
ELKINS, W. VA.

Will visit Pocahontas County every spring and fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in The Times.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
MARLINTON, W. VA.

Office and residence opposite C. A. Yeager's Hotel. All calls promptly answered.

L. J. MARSHALL, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON
MARLINTON, W. VA.

All calls promptly answered. Office over Marlinton Drugstore.

DR. O. J. CAMPBELL,

DENTIST,
MONTEREY, VA.

Will visit Pocahontas County at least twice a year. The exact date of his visit will appear in this paper.

L. MAKOWICZ

Merchant-Tailor
Ronceverte, W. Va.

Will be in Marlinton and vicinity every 30 days with a full line of Foreign and Domestic piece goods, Fancy Vestings and Trousers usually carried by first class tailors. He is also prepared to do tailoring, pressing and dyeing on short notice. All work guaranteed.

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GREENBRIER RY SCHEDULE

Daily, Except Sunday.

Leave	Arrive
1 p. m. Mar'inton	12 m.
1.20 Buckeye	11.40 a. m.
1.30 Beaver Creek	11.30
1.45 Seyburt	11.15
2.15 Bear's	10.45
2.40 Drop M.	10.20
3.15 Renick	9.45
3.25 Spring Creek	9.35
4.15 Anthony	9
4.15 Keister	8.45
4.50 Little Sulphur	8.10
5. Whitcomb June 8	
5.15 Ronceverte	7.45 a. m.

Sore and swollen joints, sharp shooting pains, torturing muscles, no rest, no sleep. That no cure rheum. It is a stubborn disease to fight but Chamberlain's Pain Balm has conquered it thousands of times. It will do so when ever the opportunity is offered. Try it. One application relieves pain. For sale by Harry R. Echols, Marlinton, W. Va.

OUR

Gigantic Removing Sale

Will Continue Until We Move

Our Present Magnificent Stock Will be Slaughtered. Prices Have Been Cut Deep in Order to Dispose of the Goods Rather than Move Them. OUR LOSS, YOUR GAIN—An Unusual Opportunity to Secure HIGH Grade Goods at—

Absolutely, Ridiculously LOW Prices.

Every Item Enumerated Here Worthy of Your Minute Attention. ACT QUICKLY; BUY FREELY; NO CHANCE TO DUPLICATE EVERY ITEM SUBJECT TO PREVIOUS SALE.

First Come—First Served.

Horse blankets, worth \$1.25, our Sale Price, 75c
" shaped to surcingle, extra heavy, worth \$2, Sale price 1.25
Bed blanket, double, worth \$1, to Clean Out for 58c
Bed Comforts, worth \$1.25, 68c
Bed Comforts, worth \$2 1.25
Men's Undershirts, worth 40c 23c
Men's over shirts, worth 75c 45c
Men's caps, worth 50c 28c
Ladies heavy every day shoes worth \$1.25 our Sale Price 88c
Misses " worth \$1.15 75c
Children's " worth \$1 65c
Ladies Capes worth 75c to \$3, Our Sale Price 43c to 4.48
Flannelette wrappers, worth \$1.25, Our Sale Price 88c
Ladies arctic over-shoes, worth \$1.25, our Sale Price 78c

Also Men & Boy's Clothing, Felt Boots, Rubbers over 'cits & Socks, Underwear of every description, over shirts of all kind, & qualities, outings, canton flannels, &c. In One Word to Say, Everything in Winter Wearing Apparel Will be Slaughtered Below Cost. Come One, Come All & Inspect our Stock & Prices, and you will be Convinced that such an Opportunity to Buy Goods at Such Prices cannot Happen Every Day. Thanking you for your Past Patronage, especially during the Last Few Weeks, We Remain, Very Respectfully,

Pocahontas Bargain House,

MARLINTON, W. VA.

Ladies & Gentlemen:

Something for YOU. Read Carefully, It will Pay YOU.

We Know you want the most you can get for your money, and we intend to give you that. For the next TWENTY days we will sell goods at or below cost. We come before you again, not simply to say something, but to carry a conviction as to the prices will give you. Feeling sure you want to get as much for your money as your neighbor does, which you can by buying where he does. From US.

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